# FRANCE LOST PATIENCE

Resented Castro's Snub to Her Representative.

# HINTING AT PUNISHMENT

War Fleet May Be Ordered to La Guayra.

FORCE NOT NOW IN VIEW

No Violation of the Monroe Doctrine Proposed-Our Own Dispute With Venezuela.

Although the present breach in the diplo matic relations between France and Venezuela is technically chargeable against the personality of M. Taigny, the French charge at Caracas, the real issue, as it is understood here, is the attitude of President Castro toward the properties and franchise of the French Cable Company. The president asserted that the cable company lent active assistance to the Matos rebellion. Therefore, he Degan proceedings in the Venezuelan courts against the company on that score and also complained that the company had violated the terms of its concession in not laying certain coast lines of cable, and especially in crossing the Island of Santo Domingo with land wires subject to frequent interruption in

times of rebellion on that island. The courts sustained the President's view, and in fact practically took possession of the company's offices at certain points when the French government intervened. In the absence of the regular minister, M. 'aigney presented a written protest to the Venezuelan government. President Castro regarded this note as insulting to his govto do with M. Talgny. But the French government refused to allow the dispute to be made a personal one, and declared that M. Talgney, in his presentment, had followed precisely the instructions of his foreign

#### Minister Russell Intervenes. At this point Mr. Russell, the United States minister at Caracas, intervened in

the interest of peace, and, after many patient exchanges, it was believed that he had finally succeeded. But while he induced President Castro to withdraw a note to M. Taigny which the French government regarded as offensive, he could not prevail upon President Castro to resume personal and official relations with the French charge. The climax came on New Year day, when the French government received with the usual honors of the New Year day reception the Venezuelan minister at Paris, only to learn that President Castro had refused to do likewise for M. Taigny at Caracas. This omission touched the pride of the French government, which alleged it had been made the victim of double dealing, which fact the French ambassador in Washington was not slow to communicate

to the State Department.

Mr. Russell reported his failure to effect a settlement between the parties and then came notice from the French government that diplomatic relations with Venezuela were completely severed. There is hint of punitive measures on the part of France, and the situation is regarded officially as very unpleasant, with possibilities of serious consequences.

France permission will be given to United States Minister W. W. Russell, at Caracas, to look after French interests until a setbetween the two countries

#### To Be Kept Advised by France. There is reason to believe that the United States government will be kept advised by France of its intentions with regard to Venezuela, and that there will be no violation on the part of France of the Monroe doctrine. The French war fleet now at Martinique may be ordered to La Guayra to take M. Taigny away in state, but it is not likely that any attempt to blockade or bombard the port will be made at this

time under the peculiar international conditions prevailing at Venezuelan ports, To Take Up Critchfield Claim.

The negotiations between the United States and Venezuela regarding the Bermudez Asphalt Company's claim have not been successful up to this time, but Secretary Root is determined to exhaust every method of diplomatic procedure. He has already directed Minister Russell to take up the Critchfield claim, which is without complications and involves no claim on the part of Castro that this company engaged in abetting a revolution. This company invested about \$600,000 in a railroad and an asphalt plant under agreement that they were to be exempt from general taxes. It is charged that about a year ago President Castro imposed a prohibitory tax on the company in violation of the agreement. The Critchfield claim is regarded by many officials as a fair claim, and Mr. Russell will devote his best endeavors to having it satisfactorily settled.

# MORALES TO LEAVE ISLAND. Peace Will Probably Soon Be Restored

to Santo Domingo. The acting secretary of war has received a cablegram from Col. Colton, United States customs officer at Santo Domingo, dated at 5 o'clock last evening, as follows:

"Carlos F. Morales' resignation has been accepted by congress; leaves for Porto Rico today; will probably result in early restoration of peace."

## AGAINST GERRYMANDER BILL. Norfolk Agitated Over Action of City Council-Injunction.

Special Dispatch to The Star. NORFOLK, Va., January 13 .- The Norfolk city council, controlled by the democratic faction which in state affairs opposes United States Senator Martin, having passed a bill gerrymandering the city into wards, so that the next election of councilmen will result in the perpetuation of the present faction in power, the democratic forces here led by James V. Trehy today presented an injunction bill to Judge Prentis at Suffolk, who issued a rule, returrable in Suffelk January 29, citing the city officials of Norfolk to show cause why the injunction should not be made permanent and the gerrymander bill declared

to be void and of no effect. The bill quotes interviews with councilmen and Mayor Riddick, who all admit that the gerrymander was for political purpose. alone. It is shown how some people, put in narrow strips of wards, must in the future send their children long distances to school, whereas schools were before near at hand. The injunction has taken the Norfolk ofclals by great surprise and caused a tremendous sensation here as well as in other parts of Virginia.

Land Decision Against Railway. SPOKANE, Wash., January 13 .- In a decision, mainly against the Northern Pacific Raflway Company, the register and receiver of the United States land office at Cccur d' Alene City, Idaho, yesterday held that a vast tract of land in Shoshone coun-ty, claimed by the railroad as non-mineral, is mineral in character and therefore a part of the public domain. The lands are valued at \$1,500,000.

# Against Impure Tea.

Representative Bartholdt of Missouri has introduced a bill amending the act prohibiting the importation of impure tea so as to permit the importation of tea waste, sift's a second so or other chemical products.

# CHARGED BY PRINTERS LIVE STOCK STATISTICS

# GOVERNMENT CLERKS ALLEGED TO BE STRIKE BREAKERS.

Government clerks as strike breakers is the latest phase of the printers' strike. The strike committee, of which Mr. T. C. Parsons is chairman, claims to have discovered that a class of "sun downers" have entered into the controversy between the employing printers and the journeymen. These so-called "sun-down" printers are employed in the government in clerical and other positions. Upon the conclusion of their official duties, it is said, they go to their homes for dinner and then begin their second day's work in twenty-four hours in some

of the down-town printeries. There are many men in the government service who formerly conducted country newspapers and printing offices. They learned the printing business in their own establishments, and some of these, it is said, seeing an opportunity to make some extra money on the side are filling the places recently vacated by members of Co-

lumbia Typographical Union. There are others who in former years were compositors in small towns in which there were no typographical unions. men do not feel that the union restrictions apply to them, consequently they are said to be working at night in the Typothetae

Action Not Determined. Just what action the strike committee will take in this matter could not be ascertained. The feelings of the strikers, however, can be summarized in the statement that they regard the work of the "sundowners" as "ethically wrong to the strikers by interfering in a matter in which they have no concern, and morally wrong to the government, because, as a printer expressed it, "A man cannot do two fair

days' work in one."
The striking printers were paid their weekly wages by the strike committee at 3 o'clock this afternoon, each man's money being placed in an envelope with his name written on the outside. Following the payment Mr. Frank Morrison, general secretary of the American Federation of Labor, addressed the strikers in their headquar ters, at 9th and D streets northwest.

The printers are still confident of success. The Washington Typothetae held an important meeting in its rooms in The Starbuilding this afternoon. Mr. Hill, the secetary, stated late this afternoon, that he had no statement to give out.

# WORDS OF SYMPATHY. Mrs. Minor Morris' Brother Writes

From Los Angeles. Mrs. Minor Morris, the lady recently ejected from the White House, is still confined to her bed at the Willard Hotel, and shows no indication of recovering from the effects of her experience. She has received from her brother, William Hull, in Los Angeles, a letter commenting on her treatment. The letter is exceedingly bitter in tone, and includes a severe personal attack on both Secretary Barnes and Representative Hull. He says he presumes that as Dr. Morris is now on the ground it will not be necessary for him to take any steps, but

says if there is any assistance he can render his sister he is ready to offer it.

In alluding to her long contest with Representative Hull, he says the game is not worth the candle, and advises her to give up the struggle, as there is no hope of ever getting at their brother, who, he asserts, is clothed with a political armor that it is impossible to penetrate.
In alluding to President Roosevelt, Mr

Hull says he fully expects to see the Morris incident taken up and thoroughly investi-gated, as any other course would not be in accordance with his estimate of the President's character.

Mrs. Morris' sons have both expressed a wish to come to Washington, but she has had them warned to keep away till sent for, as she fears they might do something to precipitate further trouble.

# Bona Fide Circulation.

Nearly everybody in Washington reads The Sunday Star. Last Sunday's circulation was by far the largest and best in the city and the only sworn circulation in the District of Columbia.

The advertiser is entitled to know the circulation of any paper in which he advertises.

The circulation of The Sunday Star on January 7, 1906, was 31,636. I solemnly swear that the above statement represents the number of copies of The Sunday Star circulated on January 7. 1906 - that is, the number of copies actually sold, delivered, furnished and mailed, for valuable consideration, to bona fide purchasers or subscribers, and that none of the copies so counted are free or sample copies and none are returnable, except in the case of several hundred sent o suburban agents, from whom a few reurns of unsold papers have not yet been received.

J. WHIT. HERRON,

Business Manager. The Evening Star Newspaper Company. Subscribed and sworn to before me this

hirteenth day of January, A.D. 1906. GRENVILLE A. WHITAKER. Notary Public.

# Circulation of The "Evening Star."

The sworn statement below shows that the circulation of The Star is what it is claimed to be. The Star's circulation is much greater than that of any other paper published in Washington, and The Star is read more thoroughly than and has double the number of readers of any other paper published in Washington, whether morning or evening. Fifteen thousand of The Star's regular subscribers take no other Washington paper whatever, depending upon The Star alone for news and adver-

tising.	
SATURDAY, January 6, 1906	39,531
MONDAY, January 8, 1906	36,548
TUESDAY, January 9, 1906	35,941
WEDNESDAY, January 10, 1906	35,749
THURSDAY, January 11, 1908	35,770
FRIDAY, January 12, 1906	85,730
Total	219,269
* Daily average	86 545

I solemnly swear that the above statement represents only the number of copies of THE EVENING STAR circulated during the six secular days ending Friday. January 12, 1906—that is, the number of copies actually sold, delivered, furnished

or mailed, for valuable consideration, to

bona fide purchasers or subscribers-and

that the copies so counted are not return-

able to or remain in the office unsold. J. WHIT. HERRON. Business Manager, The Evening Star Newspaper Company. Subscribed and sworn to before me this thirteenth day of January, A.D. 1906.

GRENVILLE A. WHITAKER. Notary Public.

# CRITICISED IN REPORT OF THE KEEP COMMISSION.

The report of the Keep commission on the Department of Agriculture has been completed. It is understood that it severely criticises the method of the Department of Agriculture in the gathering of live stock statistics and that it emphatically states that unless these statistics are prepared on some better plan than that recently pursued it would be better to discontinue that work entirely.

When Secretary Wilson was before a congressional committee during the last session of Congress he stated that the department, in the gathering of these statistics, was careful to give the farmers the "benefit of the doubt" by keeping the statistics down to minimum figures whenever there was a question as to the right amount. The result of such a policy is said to be to show the live stock industry below what it really is, with the result of affecting the market price of the interests

This statement is said to have surprised many of those who heard it, and it is fur-ther stated that the report of the Keep commission shows that there has been practice in the gathering of live stock sta istics which results in securing figures far below those that would represent the real

facts in the case.

This method of understating the amount of live stock that is in the country is also said to apply to some other forms of statistics, according to the report of the Keep commission.

The report is looked upon as reflecting upon the methods of the department to such an extent that the question has been raised of the propriety of having a subordinate of the department in the person of Mr. Pinchot, chief of the bureau of forestry and a member of the Keep commission,

sign it.
The fact is, Mr. Pinchot did not sign it in the first instance, and he left the city after it was completed without attaching his signature. It was desired, however, to have all the members of the commission sign the report and it was sent to Mr. Pinchot. It is understood that the docu-ment has been returned to Chairman Keep, but whether it has Mr. Pinchot's signature s not known outside the charmed circle that enjoys the confidence of the commis

The report will go to the President on

## MRS. CHADWICK'S CASE. Review of Proceedings in the Bankruptcy Phase.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, January 13 .- A review of the proceedings in the Cassie L. Chadwick bankruptcy case was asked in a petition filed in the United States circuit court of appeals here today by Nathan Loeser of Cleveland, trustee in bankruptcy. His petition avers that on April 27, 1904. Mrs. Chadwick was indebted to the Savings. Deposit, Bank and Trust Company of Elvria, O'lio, in the sum of \$37,000, and on pro-

promissory note of \$10,000. The bank instituted bankruptcy proceedings. The notes were secured by her personal estate.

She denied their priority of claim and was sustained by the referee in bankruptcy. United States Judge R. W. Tayler of Cleveand reversed the referee's decision and alowed the bank \$37,000. Loeser's petition i ntended to have the Tayler decision re viewed, that all creditors of Mrs. Chadwick realize on their claims and the bank get its

test by the bank she executed an additional

# A MILLIONAIRE'S PLIGHT.

#### Victim of Clever Lawyer—Verdict for \$14,000 Against Him.

CHICAGO, January 13 .- Ferdinand Sulzof the packing firm of Schwarzschild & Sulzberger, admitted on the witness stand in Judge Pinckney's court vesterday that he had been convicted of defrauding the government in 1868 and had served part of a jail sentence.

Louis Pfalzer, formerly head buyer of cattle for the packing concern, had sued his former employers for \$15,000 for breach Mr. Sulzberger took the witness stand to

testify regarding the alleged contract, but the first question put by Pfalzer's attorney after the direct examination startled the witness and astonished almost everybody in the court room.
"Isn't it a fact, Mr. Sulzberger," the attorney asked, "that you have been con-victed of a crime and sentenced to jail, a "Yes," replied the witness, "but I was pardoned."

pardoned."
"You were convicted in 1868 of conspiracy to defraud the government and fined \$5,000 and sentenced to ten days in jail, were you not?" was the next question.
"Yes, sir," was again the reply, and that line of inquiry was dropped.

After all the evidence had been heard the jury retired and shortly after was brought in a verdict of \$14,000 in favor of the

According to the certified record of th proceedings in the New York courts, which was presented to Judge Pinckney by the attorney for the plaintiff, Mr. Sulzberger was tried and convicted of "conspiracy to defraud the government" in New York in 1868, during the whisky scandals investigations of that year.

# tions of that year. CHARGED WITH CONSPIRACY. Search of Home in Syracuse Failed to Reveal Neal.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., January 13 .- Following the arrest in New York yesterday of Dr. W. W. Hadley and Mrs. Laura M. Wilson, respectively medical director and assistant medical director of the Force of Life Chemical Company, on a charge of conspiracy to obtain money under false pretenses by the use of the United States mails, a deputy United States marshal, armed with warrants, went through the home of E. Virgil Neal, in this city, this morning, but was unable to find him. Neal is named as one of the directors of the concern. His mother said he had left for Washington about midnight. The dep-uty marshal also was unable to find Arthur H. Williams, the reported treasurer of the

concern.

It was said that he, too, had gone to Washington, both he and Neal having received by telegram the news of Mr. Hadley's arrest. Neal, it is reported, has gone to explain to the federal authorities his connection with the Force of Life Company. Within a few weeks Neal and Williams came to this city and organized another company, in which they interested several of the prominent business men here.

company, in which they interested several of the prominent business men here.

SOUTH NORWALK, Conn., January 13.—
Dr. William F. Acton today made the following statement in the presence of ex-Lieut. Gov. Edwin O. Keeler, both of whom are named as directors of the Force of Life Chemical Company: "We don't have anything to do with the active running of the company, but I believe that after a thorcompany, but I believe that after a thor-ough investigation has been made the af-fairs of the company will be found to have been conducted differently than reported this morning."

#### Death of Richard Poole. Special Dispatch to The Star.

BOYD'S, Md., January 13.-Richard Poole. one of the most influential and well-to-do citizens in this section of Montgomery county, died suddenly at his home at Poolesville aout 12 o'clock last night. Mr. Poolesville aout 12 o'clock last night. Mr. Poole retired feeling comparatively well. He soon after complained of illness, and died before his physician could reach him. He had been ill of heart trouble previous to the attack last night, and his physician had feared fatal results. He was a director of the Montgomery County National Bank, at Rockville, and took great interest in all of the affairs of the county. Several years ago he was in business in Washington. His wife, who was a daughter of Mr. Fred Poole, and three daughters—Mrs. Mamie Hankins, who resides in Kentucky; Miss Anna, in Baltimore, and Miss Fannie, at home—survive him. He was nearly sixty-four years of age.

Suit for Divorce Filed.

William J. King, through Attorney T. J.
Mackey, today filed suit for divorce against

DIVISION AMONG EDUCATORS.

Hearings to Be Given Next Week by the House Committee

The House committee on education, which hitherto has been classed among the committees which never meets, threatens to be the storm center around which the alleged differences existing in the National Educational Association will turn. Monday morning has been set as the time for a hearing before this committee on the bill to incorporate the National Educational Association in the District of Columbia. This bill caused a split in the convention of the association last summer, when Miss Margaret A. Haley of Chicago and a number of her followers left Asbury Park dissatis-fled. Since that time Miss Haley and other lissenters, who are said to number 1,500, have been working in opposition to the pro-posed bill, which they say is framed in the interest of prominent educators, and offers nothing to the great mass of teachers. nothing to the great mass of teachers.

The original incorporators of the association, including President Nicholas Murray Butler of Columbia University, are seeking the reincorporation under District laws, and will be represented at the hearing by their attorney, John B. Pine of New York. John A. Watson, a Chicago attorney; Silas Y. Gillan of Wisconsin and Miss Haley are among the other speakers who are expected to appear before the committee.

# LITTLEFIELD PUBLICITY BILL. Favorably Considered by House Judi-

ciary Committee. The Littlefield publicity bill, requiring corporations to make reports annually, or whenever the Department of Commerce and Labor desires, has been recommended for a favorable report by the House committee on the judiciary. This measure was framed last year and introduced by Mr. Littleffeld at that time. It embodies the ideas of offi-cials of the Department of Commerce and Labor as to the proper facilities which should be afforded them in investigating

# SECRETARY WILSON HEARD.

## Explains Estimate for Bureau of Animal Industry.

Secretary Wilson of the Department of Agriculture appeared today before a subcommittee of the House appropriations committee, which is considering the deficiency bill, and offered an explanation of his estimate of \$135,000 for the bureau of animal

Col. Clarence E. Edwards, chief of the bureau of insular affairs, made an explanation to the subcommittee of a request for \$50,000 to buy coal lands in the Philippines.

# MORE MONEY NEEDED.

# St. Elizabeth's Will Want \$49,900 to Observe Smoke Law.

Superintendent White of the Government Hospital for the Insane forwarded to Congress today through the Secretary of the Interior an estimate that it will cost the hospital \$49,900 in addition to its regular expenses to observe the District smoke law. Dr. White explains that the change from soft coal to hard coal and the consequent change in the furnace grates will result in the added cost. The hospital uses about 18,000 tons of coal annually. Soft coal has been purchased by the hospital authorities at \$2.75 a ton, and it is expected hard coal ill cost \$5.25 a ton.

# THANK THE STAR.

### Letters From Schools That Received Collections of Casts.

Letters from principals of the successful thool buildings in the recent contest for the collections of casts offered by The Evening Star for the encouragement of school room decoration are still being received by the editors.

Mr. Allan Davis, principal of the new Business High School, under date of Janu-"On behalf of nunils and teachers I thank

you for the statuary presented to the Business High School. "The time for such an acquisition by our school was most opportune; the excellence of the casts is a subject of favorable comment, while the friendly rivalry of the contest and its unifying effect upon the school have been in themselves worth more than the effort expended in winning first place.

From the Wheatley School the word is received of much joy to the pupils and teachers. The principal, Miss M. B. Pearson, says:
"The collection of statuary No. 5, won by

the Wheatley in The Star's contest for classical statuary, was delivered at the building Friday evening, January 5. Teachers and pupils are more than delighted at We send our thanks to The

## CONFERRED WITH SYLVESTER. Rev. Father Collins of Harper's Ferry Investigating Pool Rooms.

Rev. Father Collins, pastor of the Catholie Church at Harper's Ferry, W. Va., called upon Maj. Sylvester yesterday afternoon and conferred with him about the proposed pool room, a place to make bets on horse races, that is to be established at Harper's Ferry. It is said that application has been made to the officials of the West Virginia town for a license to conduct such an establishment there. Father Collins informed Maj. Sylvester that many of the residents of the town had stated their objections to the establishment of such a place there, and that some of the older residents of Charlestown would also oppose it. He wanted the superintendent of police to give him an idea as to how the pool rooms at places about this city were conducted. Under the laws of the state of West Virginia such places are licensed and it is stated, the license fee is \$1,500 to the state and a similar amount to the town or

# Valuable Realty Transferred.

Deeds have been placed on record by which George H. Corey transferred to his son, Henry B. Corey, of New York city, a large number of lots in the subdivision of the American University Heights, which lies in the vicinity of Massachusetts avenue extended, west of the Tenleytown road and in the vicinity of the American University

#### Electric Wire Causes Fire. No. 16 engine company responded to a

local alarm of fire this afternoon shortly after 1 o'clock, and extinguished a slight blaze under the roof of the premises of Thomas H. Hall, 1117 F street northwest. It is reported that the blaze was caused by an electric wire. Only about \$5 damage was caused.

Why They Remembered Lewis. Ex-Representative James Hamilton Lewis, now corporation counsel of Chicago, in Washington on an important case in the United States Supreme Court, called on the

President to pay his respects.

The other day Mr. Lewis was walking down Pennsylvania avenue with Speaker Cannon. A bright young colored man saun-tered up to them.

"'Deed, mister," he said. "'Hain't this Mr. Lewis, who used to be in de Con-

"Yes, this is the man," said Speaker Can-"Well, I certainly is glad to see yer. All of us boys remembers yer well. I'm Red Jim, you know, as I used to wait on yer a great deal. But everybody remembers Mr. Lewis."

"Well, it's a great thing, Mr. Speaker, to know that you are remembered in the town you formerly lived in. Too many of us are forgotten after a few months," and Speaker Cannon laughed.

well remembered, though."
"Well, bos, I'll tell yer. You suttenly did wear the most "spo"teness clothes of any man ever in dis town, and all de colored boys can't help remembering you. You had "em all beat," and the colored boy locked on the boys can't he because he called a time and carefully

# TOR TELLER COMMENDED.

At the meeting of John A. Rawlins Post, No. 1, G A. R., held last night, the officers for 1906 were installed, as follows: Commander, O. E. Carnana; senior vice commander, W. J. Welss; junior vice commander, P. H. Smith; adjutant, J. A. Allen; quartermaster, A. B. McKenzie; chaplain. S. R. Strattan; surgeon, W. J. Armstrong; officer of the day, John J. Meding; officer of the guard, Francis D. Meade, sergeant major, John Finn; quartermaster sergeant, H. P. McCormack.

A camp fire followed the regular order,

A feature of the encampment was the presentation of an elegant silver service of seven pieces to the retiring commander.
W. H. Bailey, as a token of esteem from the pest. The speech of presentation was made by Past Commander Nickerson, and was responded to by the recipient in words elegant of present of present of the pest. loquent of praise for the post.

Music for the camp fire was furnished by Honorary Member Harry Statham and Prof. Smith. Col. Urell recalled memories of the sarly years of the post, relating many incidents of those years. He was seconded by A. H. G. Richardson, who, as installing officer, conducted the installation cere-

monles. Mr. Richardson was commander of this post in 1873. Col. Urell was also a past commander of the post.

A recitation entitled "The Dandy Fifth,"
by J. Edwin Browne, past national commander of the Union Veterans' Legion, and
the national commander of the Army and Navy Union. Prof. Purdy gave an interest-

A resolution was offered by S. R. Strattan and unanimously adopted to the effect that the post has learned with profound satis-faction that United States Senator Henry M. Teller of Colorado has recently introduced a bill in the Senate to make February 12, the anniversary of Abraham Lincoin's birthday, a legal holiday; and that such contemplated action by the United States Senate, to perpetuate the name of the mar-tyr President, Abraham Lincoln, is not only a deserved and just recognition by the country he saved, but in keeping with the onward march of events, and as such sends a thrill of patriotic delight to the heart of every man who answered the call of Presi-lent Lincoln to defend the nation's flag in the war of the rebellion. It was directed that the thanks of the post be tendered to Senator Teller for his patriotic action in introducing the bill referred to, and that he be requested to urge immediate consideration of the same, in order that its provisions may become available February 12, 1906.

# GAVE HIM A JOB.

# Homeless Boy in Police Court Given Employment by Spectator.

George Washington, a colored boy, was arraigned before Judge Mullowny in the Police Court this morning on a charge of agrancy. Policeman Carroll of the tenth precinct, who arrested the boy, testified that he found him asleep in a stable on 8th street northwest last night. The boy had told him he had no home. "What were you sleeping in the stable

for?" asked his honor. "I didn't have no other place to go?" re

"Where are your father and mother?"
"Dey's bof dead, boss," was the reply.
"Why don't you get some work?"
"Tse worked all las' summa, but I can't find none now.' At that point a man jumped up in the court room and said to his honor:
"I've got a brick yard across Long bridge, and I know that they will give him work there and will find some one to care

"That's very good of you," commented the judge. The man was Hugh J. Phillips, and he gave the boy a letter to the brick vard superintendent, and C. A. Masel the Prisoners' Aid Society sent the boy to the place.

# POLICE HEARINGS.

# Two Officers Before Board Today on Charges.

The police trial board held another busy ession in the gymnasium of the first precinct station this afternoon. The case of Policeman Hughlett of the third precinct, which occupied most of the session yesterday, was again taken up, with a re-examination of several witneses who had been on the stand yesterday. The officer, it is alleged, received \$10 from William Weaver to have a case nolle prossed at the Police Court. It was testified yesterday for the defense that Mr. Hughlett protested against dismissal of the case, although that action was taken by Assistant District Attorney Taggart at the request of the prosecuting witness

For the prosecution, the testimony showed that after the case was nolle prossed the \$50 collateral which had been put up was returned to the defendant, and that \$10 of that money was paid over to the officer soon afterward. The payment of the money was denied by the defendant and by his brother officer. English, who was said to be cognizant of the facts.

The case of Michael Lynch was then taken up, he being charged with interfering in a civil case.

# FIREMEN'S DRILL.

# Chief Belt Reports to the Commis-

sioners. Chief Belt reported to the Commissioners this morning that the fire department gave its second drill to members a few days ago on the Harris training tower, adjoining No. 8 engine company in Southeast Washington. The drill consisted of climbing to lofty heights, with pompier saving ladders, catching men in the Browder life nets, raising different styles of ladders, rescueing persons from the different floors, bringing them down by the ladders, and the pompier life

saving snap fire escape. The chief stafed that the drill was satisfactory in every respect and showed great improvement in the men. Capt. Charles F. Beers of truck company D has been appointed drill master. The de-partment has set apart for drills every other Thursday at 2 o'clock, during the bal-

# ance of the winter, providing the weather will permit. The next drill will occur Thursday, the 25th instant, and the Com-missioners have been invited to be present. Bag Filled With Provisions.

Policeman Pence of the second precinct was walking through Freeman's alley northwest shortly before 6 o'clock this morning and noticed a colored man who had a sack on his shoulder. "What have you got in the bag?" asked

the policeman. "I'se go-go-got so-o-o-some," stuttered the colored man, who was taken by sur-

"Let me see it," said the officer. He took the bag and looked into it. It contained a pan of rolls, twelve loaves of bread and two quarts of milk. two quarts of milk.

"You had better come to the station house," suggested the officer. Arriving there, the colored man gave his name as George Mackey of 13 Goat alley. When question about the ownership of the bread, Mackey finally admitted that he took the property from the bread box of Benjamin S. Pendleton at 5th and O streets northwest.

west.

Mackey was taken before Judge Kimbali
on a charge of larceny and was sentenced
to \$20 fine or sixty days in jail. He will
enjoy the bounty of Uncle Sam for the
term specified.

Thomas Jones paid \$100 fine, imposed by fudge Kimball, for assaulting Charles 8. Pather, Jones was arrested yesterday by Policeman Moran of the fifth precinct and Policeman Moran of the fifth precinct and left \$30 at the station house for his appearance in court today. Jones and Prather work at the pumping station at the foot of 2d street southeast. Jones was at work sharpening some chisels, and after an altercation with Prather struck him in the sibs and over the eye with one of the chisels he was working on. Prather was badly injured by the blow and had to be removed to the Casualty Hospital for treatment.

# OFFICERS INSTALLED AND SENA- MASONIC CEREMONIES AT FUN-ERAL OF WASH. B. WILLIAMS.

The funeral services over the remains of the late Mr. Washington B. Williams took place this afternoon at his late residence, 780 6th street northwest, at 2 o'clock. The services were conducted by Rev. Joseph T. Kelly, pastor of the Fourth Presbyterian Church, and Eminent Commander Maurice Otterback of De Molay Mounted Commandery, Knights Templar, of which the deceased was a member. The interment was at Glenwood cemetery, where Mr. Joseph R. Fague, the master of Federal Lodge, No. 1, F. A. A. M., conducted the services. which was enlivened by eloquent words of The pallbearers were chosen from the vacheer by Messrs. Stratton, Urell and others. rious organizations with which the deceased was affiliated, and were: Mr. J. G. Kent and Mr. J. J. Wyncoop of Federal Lodge, No. 1; Mr. J. W. Tolson, Mr. Frank R. Weller and Mr. Charles A. Stevens of De Molay Mounted Commandery, and Mr. A. H. Ragan, representing the Association of the Oldest Inhabitants of the District of

Mr. Williams was a member of the Association of the Oidest Inhabitants of the District of Columbia, Volunteers of the District of Columbia of 1861 and the Po-District of Columbia of 1861 and the Potomac Post of the Grand Army of the Republic. The first organization was represented by Messrs. J. Elliot Wright, E. H. Droop, James H. Richards, Albert Grupe, J. Richard Riggles, J. Tyler Powell, D. T. Clssell, John R. Major, S. H. Ragan and M. J. Sauter, and the latter by Mr. W. H. Hoover, S. C. Robb, J. Tyler Powell, Mr. Edward Duvall, Mr. G. H. Gladman, Mr. J. Sheckells and Mr. W. A. O'Mera. The Volunteers of the District of Columbia of Volunteers of the District of Columbia of 1861 were represented by Mr. W. H. Braund, Daniel Genau, William French, F. Edward Clark and Napoleon Bayert.

# THAT THE HOUSE MAY JUDGE. Representative Mudd Wants the Evi-

#### dence in the Hazing Trials. Representative Mudd of Maryland, a member of the naval affairs committee, this

afternoon introduced in the House a resolution bearing on the various courts-martial at the Naval Academy. The resolution, which was referred to the committee on rules, requests the Secretary of the Navy to transmit to the House a complete record of the proceedings, including the evidence, in the recent trials by court-martial of Midshipmen Meriwether, Coffin, Decatur, Foster and Marzoni, and to transmit a similar statement as to the other trials upon charges of hazing which are to be held at the academy following the pending investi-Mr. Mudd said today that as it is very

plain that the committee on rules opposes action on the resolution heretofore referred to that committee, and as the House is manifestly not satisfied with the amount of information thus far in its possession, the transmission of the proceedings in these cases, including the evidence which will be printed as a public document, will at least furnish some light upon the trials and some indication as to the thoroughness of the investigation.

Mr. Mudd claims this resolution contains

mr. Mudd claims this resolution contains nothing that is not privileged, and unless the committee shall report it within seven days from the date of its introduction it will be in order to call it up directly in the House by a motion to discharge the committee from its further consideration. He is of the opinion, however, that the committee will favor the resolution, as it seems to be conceded on all sides that Congress is entitled to be accurately informed as to just what is being done.

# NO NEWS OF McCORMICK.

#### Disappearance of Contractor and Real Estate Man Still a Mystery. Nothing definite has yet been learned con-

cerning the fate of John F. McCormick, the missing contractor, whose disappearance from a Baltimore boat has caused his wife and children so much uneasiness. His brother, who went to Baltimore yesterday afternoon, to make inquiries, as stated in yesterday's Star, returned last night. He has conferred with Capt. Boardman several times and may have the police officials send out descriptive circulars asking that the police in all parts of the country be on the lookout for him. Capt. Boardman has no idea that the missing man jumped overboard, although his two coats were found in the stateroom on the steamer Alabama when the steamer reached Norfolk. The

coats have been sent here and delivered to Members of the family of the missing man say he was not despondent and that there was no reason why he should have taken his life. No message of any kind was left by the contractor in which he intimated that he contemplated such a thing and Capt. Boardman thinks the circumstances indicate that he has disappeared rather than that he has ended his life. Had he contemplated disappearing he could easily have carried an extra coat upon the boat with him and left his older garment to make it appear that he had jumped over-board. The key to the stateroom had disappeared, and, the police think, it was car-ried from the boat by McCormick. It is evident if McCormick did not jump over-board that he made the trip as far as Old Point, as all the tickets sold upon that par-ticular trip of the boat were collected.

James McCormick, the brother of the missing man, who made the investigation in Baltimore, is not satisfied with the result of his inquiries. He has reached no conclusion respecting his brother's absence and may consent to have illustrated circulars sent out with an offer of a reward for lars sent out with an offer of a reward for None of the money he had with him when he left the city has been accounted for with the exception of the statement in the letter that he had lost a considerable por-tion of it. Friends are certain that he had money enough with him to last him a year or more if he has disappeared and that he will not be forced to seek assistance for some time. They confidently expect to hear from him in the near future.

# REPORTS OF CORPORATIONS.

#### Senator Gorman Would Require Submission of Annual Statements.

Senator Gorman has introduced a bill to mend section 617 of the code of law of the District of Columbia. The section mentioned provides that manufacturing, agricultural, mining, mechanical, insurance, mercantile, transportation, market and savings bank corporations "shall annually, within twenty days from the 1st of January, make a report, which shall be published in a newspaper in the District, which shall state the amount of capital and of the proportion actually paid and the amount of existing debts, which report shall be signed by the president and a majority of the trustees, and shall be verified by the oath of the president or secretary of the company and filed in the office of the recorder of deeds of the District."

As a penalty for failure to comply with the foregoing, the act of June 30, 1902, stipulates that if any company fails to comply with the provisions of section 617, any creditor of the corporation or other person interested may by petition for mandamus against the corporation and its proper officers compel such publication to be made, and in such case the court shall require the corporation or the officers at fault to pay all the expenses of the proceeding, including counsel fees.

Senator Gorman proposes that all corporations shall be required to file reports with the recorder of feeds annually between January 1 and January 20, stating the amount of capital stock, the amount paid in, the amount of existing debts, the location of office, the name of the agent upon whom process may be served, the As a penalty for failure to comply with

spon whom process may be served, the same and addresses of trustees and officials, and a statement that the books at open for inspection. The trustees and ficials are by the bill held jointly liable affure to obey the provisions of the action. while at Mount Calvary, Md., October 15. brushed whishers of Mr. Lewis with great 1902. A co-respondent is named.

After the trouble Jones continued his work. Sie brushed whishers of Mr. Lewis with great the concern should then and the registration fee paid by a day morning at 0 clock from St. Stephen's The police learned of the difficulty and there concern should then and the registration fee paid by a day morning at 0 clock from St. Stephen's The police learned of the difficulty and the registration fee paid by a day morning at 0 clock from St. Stephen's The police learned of the difficulty and the registration fee paid by a day morning at 0 clock from St. Stephen's The police learned of the difficulty and the registration fee paid by a day morning at 0 clock from St. Stephen's The police learned of the difficulty and the registration fee paid by a day morning at 0 clock from St. Stephen's The police learned of the difficulty and the registration fee paid by a day morning at 0 clock from St. Stephen's The police learned of the difficulty and the registration fee paid by a day morning at 0 clock from St. Stephen's The police learned of the difficulty and the registration fee paid by a day morning at 0 clock from St. Stephen's The police learned of the difficulty and the registration fee paid by a day morning at 0 clock from St. Stephen's The police learned of the difficulty and the registration fee paid by a day morning at 0 clock from St. Stephen's The police learned of the difficulty and the registration fee paid by a day morning at 0 clock from St. Stephen's The police learned of the difficulty and the registration fee paid by a day morning at 0 clock from St. Stephen's The police learned of the difficulty and the registration fee paid by a day morning at 0 clock from St. Stephen's The police learned of the difficulty and the registration fee paid by a day morning at 0 clock from St. Stephen's The police learned of the difficulty and the registration fee paid by a day morning at 0 clock from St. Stephen's T

# G. A. R. POST EXERCISES LAST RITES OVER DEAD AT THE WHITE HOUSE

The Hepburn Railroad Rate

Bill Approved.

# THE PRESIDENT SATISFIED

To Be Reported the Last of Next Week.

# CRAZY SNAKE MUST COMPLY

Arizona Delegation Here to Fight Joint Statehood, Received-Shaw

to Stay Another Year.

President Roosevelt has given his hearty approval to the action of the House committee on interstate commerce in deciding upon the Hepburn bill for regulation of railroad rates. In a conference this morning with Representative Each of Wisconsin the President expressed his satisfaction with the measure, together with the amendments it is proposed to make to it. These amendments, it is said, will bring about harmony in the House on the rate bill and insure the bill being passed with a unanimity that is intended to duly impress the Senate. Representative Hepburn himself had a talk with the President during the

and the amendments that have been made so as to satisfy all elements. Representative Esch says that the bill will be reported to the House the last of next week. The democrats have been given time in which to decide upon measures they want to present. When they have acted the bill will be in shape to lay before the House. Its early adoption after that is certain, as it has been decided to have it passed without delay for the influence it will have on the country and on the Senate, which has recently been showing signs of decided indifference as to the final outcome of the matter.

morning as to the work of his committee

#### Nebraska Men Agree. Senator Millard today presented to the President the recommendation of the Ne-

braska delegation in Congress for a United States attorney of that state to succeed Irving Baxter, who was removed in connection with the prosecution of cases of the use of government lands for pasture purposes. The two senators and six republican representatives from the state held a meeting and balloted upon the man they wanted for the place. The choice fell upon Charles A. Goss of Omaha, a well-known attorney of that city, and a personal friend of Senator Millard.

Representative Steenerson of Minnesota talked with the President this morning about his bill to reclaim 1,000,000 acres of swamp land in the northern part of Minnesota. The lands are largely owned by the Chippewa Indians, but on account of their overflowed condition are absolutely useless. Mr. Steenerson proposes to create a fund from the sale of public lands in Minnesota for the drainage of the swamp regions. The President has promised Mr. Steenerson to give the matter considera-tion, as a large number of Minnesota people are interested in it.

# A Peoria Appointment.

President Roosevelt today directed Secretary Shaw to make out the commission of Julius S. Starr as surveyor of the port of Peorla, Ill., and the nomination will go to the Senate promptly. Mr. Starr will succeed Major R. W. Burt, who has held the office a number of years. Mr. Starr was presented to the President today by Senator Hopkins and Representative Graff, who united in recommending him. Sena-tor Hopkins also gave his indorsement to the appointment.
William R. Leaken of Savannah pre-

# William R. Leaken of Savannan presented the President an invitation today to attend a banquet at Savannah, Ga., March 17, to be given by the three Irish societies of that city—the Irish American Society, the Ancient Order of Hibernians and the Hibernian Society. The President could not accept the invitation.

Pardon for a Bank Cashier. About a year ago President Roosevelt refused to grant a pardon to Lawrence Pulliam, who had been the cashier of the old National Bank of Asheville, N. C. Pulliam had been convicted about three years ago of embezzlement from the bank and had been sentenced to five years in prison. Senator Overman of North Carolina called on the President today with Charles A. Moore of Asheville, who asked for a rehearing and left with the President a number of papers urging a reopening for the purpose of shortening the penitentiary term of Pulliam. Judge Boyd of North Carolina and the United States attorney who tried the case unite with others in expressing the

opinion that Pulliam has suffered sufficient nundshment. punishment.

Delegate Mark Smith of Arizona led to the White House today the band of prominent Arizona people who are here fighting joint statehood with New Mexico. The President received them cordially, but did

#### not express sympathy with the views of the delegation. Crazy Snake Must Comply.

Crazy Snake, chief of a band of 2,000 Creek Indians, was told by the President oday that the 15,000 Indians of the Creek nation had voted in favor of allotment of ands and severance of tribal relations, and that his particular band would have to comply with the vote of the majority, and the laws of the country. Crazy Snake has tried hard for many years to maintain the old tribal life of his Indians, and to avoid the mdern plans. He has fought in Congress and everywhere to have his way. As a last resort he appealed to the President. He got no satisfaction. Through his interpreter, Silas Jefferson, Crazy Snake told the President that his own band of Indians had not voted on the treaty, and desired to live as their fathers before them had lived. Although greatly disappointed the stoic face of Crazy Snake indicated no change when

ne left the President. Secretary Shaw to Stay Another Year. Secretary Shaw has agreed to stay in the cabinet until March 4, 1907, and his promise has been received with satisfaction by President Roosevelt. Some months ago Secretary Shaw decided he would retire from the cabinet in February. When the President heard of it he asked the Secretary to remain longer, and it was then announced that Secretary Shaw would stay until July 1 of this year at the outside. The time has again been changed. Secretary Hitchcock has also promised to remain in the cabinet, and so has Attorney General Moody. Both of these cabinet officers had contemplated retiring in a few months. Attorney General Moody has several times changed his mind about getting out, the President having urged him to stay.

Vice President Fairbanks taiked with the

A delegation from New York waited on the President today to invite him to take part in a big reception that will be given by the business men of New York to the imperial Chinese commission that has arrived at San Francisco. The commission has been sent here to promote commercial intercourse with the United States, and to work up a better sentiment for Chinese in this country. E. E. Olcott and Robert C. Ogden were at the head of the party.

Death of Andrew J. Cawood. The death of Andrew J. Cawood, a longtime citizen of the District, occurred at Providence Hospital at an early hour this morning. Deceased was sixty-nine years

# President Fairbanks talked with the President today and held a reception of a number of people in the vestibule as he was coming out. The cordiality of the greeting given him by a large number of visitors demonstrated his popularity. Invited to Take Part.